

# Tropic of Canada

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**All Prices include HST.**

	HEIGHT FEET	ZONE/T EMP	Date: <u>JANUARY 2021</u>		Container Size	Price Each	Container Size	Price Each
<b>PINEAPPLE</b>								
Ananas are easy to grow, drought tolerant plants. Although they are not very cold tolerant they can be overwintered indoors as a house plant. The plants will fruit in a container. All self-fertile.								
ANANAS 'ELITE GOLD'	1-3	9-11	USUAL STORE VARIETY	Pineapple 'Elite Gold' produces a beautiful gold colour, both inside and out. This bromeliad is as lovely as it is useful. Forming a rosette of long, stiff leaves 3' feet tall and 3-4' wide. The leaves are a deep blue-green and very symmetrical. From the centre of the plant arise the flowers, with up to 200 light-purple to deep-red blooms held in a tall whorl. Eventually the flowers set berries, which join together to produce the fruit. It has a very high sugars-to-acids ratio, making it super-sweet and delicious. The fruit will generally ripen sometime between May and September.	1 Gal	\$35.00		
ANANAS 'FLORIDA SPECIAL'	1-3	9-11	GOLDEN HIGH FLAVOURED FLESH SPINELESS	Bred for Florida pineapple production by Libby fruit company. Florida Special Pineapple produces a golden-fleshed fruit with great flavour. Ripening fruit has shown to take temperatures down to the mid 30's without internal damage.	1 Gal	\$35.00		
ANANAS 'WHITE JADE'	1-3	9-11	SWEETEST HAWAIIAN OUT THERE, 100% EDIBLE CORE SPINELESS	Most highly sought after Hawaiian variety. The white fleshed fruit is ultra sweet, with very low acidity. The core is 100% edible too! The beautiful blue grey leaves are spineless which makes handling much more enjoyable. Best suited for backyard container gardens. 'White Jade' will produce a tasty reward far better than anything found in the grocery store for those who plant them.	1 Gal	\$35.00		

## CITRUS

<b>GRAPEFRUIT</b>								
'Flame'	12' X 15'	8-12		Dark red seedless grapefruit. Peel is thin with a red blush. Fruit is sweet and juicy. Tree is large with a heavy canopy and bears in clusters.	2 Gal	\$75.00		
'Marsh'	12' X 12"	8-12		1860 Seedless white grapefruit that is very juicy with good flavour. Fruit holds well to the tree and ships and stores well. It was the first seedless grapefruit variety used in Florida.			3 Gal	\$95.00
'Ray Ruby'	12' X 8'	8-12		Seedless red grapefruit that is slightly lighter than the Flame. The Ray Ruby holds its colour late into the season	2 Gal	\$75.00		
'Rio Red'	20'X15'	8-12		1984. A popular red-fleshed fruit. Medium sized and picked while still green. Flesh and juice have a beautiful red colour. Loves high heat. Fruit stores on the tree well and has best flavour in spring and summer.	2 Gal	\$75.00		
'Royal'	12' X 8'	8-12		1892. " This variety has a relatively small, nearly round, orange-yellow, seedy fruit of sweet flavour that lacks the typical grapefruit bitterness and aroma and is suggestive of sweet orange.			3 Gal	\$95.00
'Ruby Red'	20'X15'	8-12		1929. Dark pink seedless grapefruit that is juicy and flavourful. Peel has a slight pink blush. Flesh colour will fade somewhat later in the season. Tree is large and productive.	2 Gal	\$75.00		
<b>PUMMELO</b>								
'Hirado Buntan'	20'X15'	8-12		A pink- fleshed pummelo. It has a marvellous chewy texture and a flavour much like grapefruit, sweet with no acidity and without a hint of bitterness, it is out of this world. Segments hold well together making it perfect for grilling or used in salads. Fruit ripens November to March. Self fertile.	2 Gal	\$75.00		
<b>SPECIAL</b>								
'Calamondin'	8' X 6'	9-12		Fruit very small, oblate to spherical; apex flattened or depressed. Rind colour orange to orange-red; very thin, smooth, and finely pitted, easily separable only at maturity; sweet/sour and edible. Segments about 9 and axis small and semi-hollow. Flesh orange-coloured; tender, juicy, and acid, used in marmalade's, jellies and drinks. Seeds few, small, plump, poly-embryonic, and with green cotyledons. Fruit holds on tree remarkably well. Tree of medium vigour, highly productive, upright and columnar, nearly thorn-less; leaves small, broadly oval, and mandarin-like. Strongly cold-resistant. Outstanding in containers.	2 Gal	\$75.00		
'Nippon' Orangequat	8' X 6'	9-12		Satsuma and Meiwa kumquat hybrid. Fruit is large and very flavourful. Matures early and holds well to the tree.	2 Gal	\$75.00		

'Nova'	8' X 6'	9-12		A Clementine and Orlando tangelo hybrid. Fruit is medium-large in size, easy peeling, good colour, pleasant flavour and juicy. Harvested November to December. Tree is dense with dark green leaves and somewhat up right in habit. Tree is cold tolerant.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
'Buddha Hand'	9' X 6'	9-11		Buddha's Hand citron is a tree citrus with a deep lemon yellow colour when mature. The fruit morphs from small and purple, to green, and then yellow, splitting at the opposite end of the tree's stem forming segments that have a wild finger-like appearance. A fruit will have its own unique shape and can range in size, from a large lemon to a small melon. Buddha's Hand citron features an oily rind with a fragrant sweet lemon scent. Its flesh is void of juice, pulp, and seeds, and is inedible in its raw form. Buddha's Hand citron is commonly utilized for its zest and has a flavour that is described as a blend of bitter and sweet acidity. Harvest in late fall through early winter months. Current Facts Buddha's Hand citron, botanically known as Citrus medica variety sarcodactylis, is also commonly known as fingered citron. bushukan in Japan, and fo-shou in China. In China the Buddha's Hand citron symbolizes happiness and long life. In Japan, the Buddha's Hand citron is a favourite gift for New Years as it is believed to bestow good fortune on a household. Buddha's Hand contains no pulp or juice and is used for its fragrant zest.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
<b>ORANGE</b>									
'Cara Cara' Red Navel	12' X 8'	8-12		1976. Red Navel Fruit is typical for Navel, easy peeling, sweet and juicy, with red colouring Colour develops well in warm weather. Harvested November to February. Tree is compact and dense in growth habit.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
'Glen' Navel	12' X 8'	8-12		Fruit is large, seedless, easy peeling, juicy and flavourful. Very similar to the Washington Navel, although a little smaller and a little more heavier bearing. Tree is droopy with rounded top, medium in size and vigour			3 Gal	\$95.00	
'Pineapple'	12' X 8'	8-12		Seedless type found 1932" Fruit medium-sized, spherical to slightly obovate; basal area sometimes depressed and radially furrowed; commonly with faint aureole ring. Well-coloured. Rind medium-thick; surface finely pitted and slightly pebbled. Flesh colour light orange; tender, juicy; flavour rich though sweet. Mid-season in maturity. Does not hold on tree. Tree moderately vigorous, medium-large, thorn-less, and highly productive. Named Pineapple because of its delicate fragrance.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
'Ruby Sweet'	12' X 8'	8-12		Fruit is medium-sized, globose to slightly oblong; seeds relatively few. Well-coloured, with reddish flush under favourable conditions. Rind medium-thick, finely pitted, and lightly pebbled. Flesh tender and juicy; flavour rich. Flesh colour orange, with red under favourable conditions. An Excellent early juice Orange. Mid season in maturity. Tree is moderately vigorous,			3 Gal	\$95.00	
'Shiranui'	12' X 8'	8-12		Easy peeling, sweet and seedless. The fruit is medium-large in size, with firm flesh. It has a distinctive neck and the peel is a rich orange yellow colour. Flavour is a rich mandarin orange honey.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
'Sour'	12' X 8'	8-12		Sour Orange is know for it's juice. It is used for marinating meats and making mojo sauce. Some prefer it in ice tea rather than lemon. Ideal Marmalade fruit. The tree is cold hardy and a prolific bearer.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
'Temple'	12' X 8'	8-12		A Tangor, fruit is medium-large, juicy with rich, spicy flavour. Peel is adherent, but easily peeled. Tree has medium vigour and is a little sensitive to cold. Harvested January to February.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
<b>TANGELO</b>									
'Fertic Temple'	8' X 6'	9-12		A Tangor, fruit is medium-large, juicy with rich, spicy flavour. Peel is adherent, but easily peeled. Tree has medium vigour and is a little sensitive to cold. Harvested January to February.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
'Osceola'	8' X 6'	9-12		1942. Fruit medium in size, medium-oblate in form; base flattened and sometimes slightly corrugated. Rind thin, leathery, moderately adherent but easily peel-able; surface smooth and glossy; colour deep orange to almost coral-red at maturity. Flesh colour deep orange; juicy; flavour rich and distinctive. Seeds are numerous. Medium-early in maturity. Tree virtually thorn-less, more upright than Clementine; dense foliage composed of medium-sized lanceolate leaves.			3 Gal	\$95.00	
'Wekiwa'	8' X 6'	9-12		1930`s. Wekiwa is a hybrid of Sampson Tangelo and a grapefruit and therefore should be called a tangelolo. It is delicious, very juicy sweet tropical flavour, of average size for mandarins. The tree is not vigorous but it is very productive and the fruit ripen in January. Under favourable conditions rind pink-blushed and flesh amber-pink. Early in maturity.	2 Gal	\$75.00	3 Gal	\$95.00	
'White'	8' X 6'	9-12		This white tangelo is large in size, nearly seedless, ripens very early, is sweet and juicy.	2 Gal	\$75.00			
<b>TANGERINE</b>									
'Lee'	8' X 6'	9-12		Fruit is medium in size, slightly oblate to subglobose; basal area slightly raised and furrowed. Rind thin, leathery, moderately adherent but readily peel-able; surface smooth and glossy; colour deep yellowish-orange at maturity. Flesh colour orange; tender and melting; juice abundant; flavour rich and sweet. Seeds are numerous. Medium-early in maturity. Tree nearly thorn-less; dense foliage of medium-sized, lanceolate leaves.			3 Gal	\$95.00	

**COFFEE**

<b>COFFEA ARABICA</b>	6-15	9-11	<b>NOTHING FRESHER THAN HOME GROWN COFFEE</b>	Coffea Arabica is a species of Coffea originally indigenous to the forests of the southwestern highlands of Ethiopia. Arabian coffee has been cultivated for over 1,000 yrs. A small tree with characteristic horizontal branching, usually trimmed to take the form of a small shrub about 2m/6ft tall. Leaves are evergreen and usually shiny. Flowers are hermaphroditic and sweet-scented (resembles the aroma of Jasmine), the corolla white, tubular, normally with 5 lobes. Fruits are usually red but sometimes yellow or purple at maturity. The outer layer is soft, edible and a sweet-tasting cherry, the seed itself is pale fawn or brown (dark brown only after roasting). Best grown in rich, well-drained soils in filtered sun or light shade. Keep soils consistently moist but not soggy. Plants prefer climates with daytime temperatures of 70-80°F/21-26°C. and nighttime temperatures of 60-65°F/15-17°C. Leaf drop may occur when temperatures dip below 55°F/12°C. Plants may be grown indoors in containers with a fast-draining potting soil. Indoor plants like bright sunny windows, but when taken outdoors appreciate light shade. Plants first flower when they reach 3-4 years old. Fertilize during the growing season. There are several species of Coffea, the finest quality being Arabica. Coffea Arabica grows in tropical and equatorial regions where it is always spring or summer, it's not a change of climate, but rather the beginning of the rainy season after the dry season that triggers Arabica plants to flower. Eight or nine months after flowering comes the fruit. For Natural Coffee – fruit is dried in the sun for up to 20 days. Once the peels, pulp and seeds are all completely dry, then the beans can be separated for roasting.	<b>1 Gal</b>	<b>\$35.00</b>
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<b>FIG [Ficus]</b>	Figs make a welcome addition to home container gardens and landscapes. They can be container grown as a tree or pruned and grown as a bush. They fruit on the current year's growth. This allows the plant to fruit even if it froze to the ground during winter months. These are all self-pollinating varieties. Fruit can be eaten out of hand, dried, baked, frozen, and used in preserves.							
<b>'BEERS BLACK'</b>	4-12	6b-10	<b>SMALLER BLACK FRUIT, EXCELLENT FLAVOUR</b>	Medium sized with outstanding distinct sweet flavour, excellent either fresh or dried. A reddish pink interior and a violet skin. Rated to zone 7 and potentially to zone 6, so many homes can enjoy growing this cultivar outdoors year round.	<b>5 Gal</b>	<b>\$80.00</b>		
<b>'DESERT KING'</b>	4-8	7-10	<b>HIGH QUALITY, YELLOW SKINNED FRUITS JULY TO FALL</b>	A large, sweet, high quality delicious, greenish yellow fig with rich, reddish purple flesh. This San Pedro type cultivar has a very good breba crop (first crop), the second crop is not as good in quality as the first. The pulp is sweet and delicious either fresh or dried. This particular cultivar should not be pruned severely. This highly vigorous tree originated in Madera, California around 1920. One of the best for container growing.	<b>1 Gal</b>	<b>\$35.00</b>	<b>3 Gal</b>	<b>\$65.00</b>
<b>'TEXAS EVERBEARING'</b>	4-10	7-11	<b>LARGE SWEET AND NEARLY SEEDLESS</b>	Everything is bigger in Texas, so they say. This Fig follows that by producing a good, large, (sometimes 2" in diameter) sweet, brownish yellow, bell shaped fig with a long fruiting season. The flesh is strawberry coloured, nearly seedless and delicious. It bears at an early age and gives a good crop even in cool, short summers. The second crop matures early and is even heavier than the first. The tree is very hardy and even if frozen to the ground, it will usually bear on the new sprouts that same year. Stays shorter in containers, a great feature for patio edibles.	<b>1 Gal</b>	<b>\$35.00</b>	<b>2 Gal</b>	<b>\$45.00</b>
<b>WHITE MARSEILLES</b>	4-10	7-11	<b>YELLOW WHITE FRUIT. THOMAS JEFFERSON'S FAVOURITE FIG</b>	A fairly hardy, large, lemon coloured, thin skinned fig with tender, white to light amber flesh. They are very sweet and have a high sugar content. An old, (pre 1769) reliable variety, this fig is excellent in all respects and a favourite of Thomas Jefferson. Produces a small breba crop. They will split if watered too much while ripe. This slow growing, dense tree is well adapted to containers.	<b>1 Gal</b>	<b>\$35.00</b>	<b>3 Gal</b>	<b>\$65.00</b>

<b>PASSION FRUIT</b>	Passion fruit grow on a fast growing vine that climbs with tendrils. The flowers are large, showy, and extremely aromatic. They are also excellent butterfly attractants. The pulp is used extensively in fruit juice drinks like Hawaiian punch, and it is often used in baked desserts as well.					
<b>PASSIFLORA edulis 'POSSUM PURPLE'</b>	12-12	9-11	<b>FRUIT THE SIZE OF A GOOSE EGG</b>	This amazing passion flower not only produces delicious, sweet purple fruit about the size of a Goose egg, it also has attractive frilly-edged flowers that Passiflora are known for. It is self-pollinating with fruit appearing effortlessly and will fruit in a 10" pot. A strong vigorous grower that with a little encouragement makes a fine hanging basket. Periodically just wrap the wandering vines around the basket and in no time fruit will be dangling from the dark green leaves. Give full sun for best performance. Aug-Nov.	<b>1 Gal on Bamboo</b>	<b>\$45.00</b>

<b>POMEGRANATE</b>								
<b>PUNICA 'PARFYANKA'</b>	4-8	7-10	<b>A SEMI-DWARF VARIETY THAT GROWS LARGE AND DELECTABLY DELICIOUS FRUIT WITH A SOFT SEED.</b>	Originally imported from Dr. Gregory Levin at the Garrigala agricultural station in Turkmenistan. The fruit is quite large and highly coloured in beautiful bright red. The arils are large and bright red with a very small, soft, edible seed. The fruit is of the highest quality. 100 to 200 chill hours. Self fertile. Also called Parfianka and Garnet Sash. Zone 7 - 9. (warm 6 perhaps).	<b>1 Gal</b>	<b>\$35.00</b>	<b>2 Gal</b>	<b>\$55.00</b>

<b>GINGER</b>						
<b>Zingiber 'OFFICINALE'</b>	2-4	8-11	<b>EDIBLE GINGER ROOT</b>	This is a great selection of edible yellow ginger root that produces rhizomes quickly. These rhizomes can be dug as soon 4-6 months in ground or from a container. Store bought ginger root is mature, fibrous, & extra spicy. "Baby Ginger", which is harvested juvenile, is becoming more and more popular in the culinary arts. It is more mild, tender & does not need to be peeled. The shelf life is about 1-2 weeks at room temperature. This makes it an ideal plant to have in the home garden/container, where it can be harvested fresh as needed.	<b>6"</b>	<b>\$25.00</b>

<b>Vanilla Orchid</b>	Vanilla bean plants are climbing vines that prefer high humidity, warm temperatures and bright, indirect sunlight. Growing vanilla in your home or greenhouse can be fun; however, a bit more effort is required than with other plants. If you follow the suggestions below, and can provide the right growing conditions, you'll soon be growing your own vanilla bean plants at home, too!					
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<p><b>Vanilla Planifolia</b></p>	<p>8'-10'</p>	<p>12</p>	<p>Vanilla plants make excellent container house plants when grown as a vine, because this type of orchid is both epiphytic and semi-terrestrial. This means it lives above the ground where its roots attach to tree trunks or other support from which it takes in water and nutrients. In growing a Vanilla vine in a pot, some support is needed for the vine to climb on and attach itself to. This can be a post or slab of wood, preferably a type that does not rot easily like cedar or cypress. Vanilla plants prefer good bright light but not hot, noontday sun. However, they won't grow well or flower in deep shade so partial sun is what they need. Vanilla grows best in warm temperatures, preferably in the 70's to 90's. Cooler temperatures will slow down the growth. Keep temperatures above 60° F for the most part. When watering, the support and the soil media are watered so the air roots as well as the potting mix have access to moisture. Generally, the potting mix is allowed to dry a little between waterings to help avoid root diseases. What initiates bloom is somewhat variable. It is thought that a dry period for a couple of months in the winter, as well as the vine reaching the top of the support and cascading off stimulates the flowering process. The blooms appear on flowering spikes that emerge at the leaf axis along the stems and many blooms will emerge from this spike over a period of weeks, usually one at a time and each flower lasts only one day. To produce vanilla beans, the flowers need to be hand pollinated, which is easily done with a toothpick.</p>	<p>1 Gal</p>	<p><b>\$45.00</b></p>
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